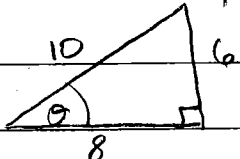


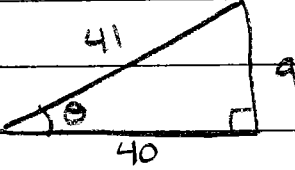
Pg. 463 1-5, 11-35 EOO
 37-45 odd 47-59 EOO
 61-67 odd, 70

6.2 Homework

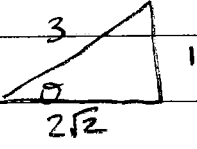
1. a) v b) iv c) vi d) iii e) i f) ii
2. opposite, adjacent, hypotenuse
3. Complementary
4. elevation, depression

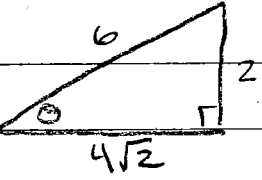
5.  $6^2 + 8^2 = c^2$
 $36 + 64 = c^2$
 $100 = c^2$
 $10 = c$

$\sin \theta = \frac{3}{5}$	$\csc \theta = \frac{5}{3}$
$\cos \theta = \frac{4}{5}$	$\sec \theta = \frac{5}{4}$
$\tan \theta = \frac{3}{4}$	$\cot \theta = \frac{4}{3}$

7.  $9^2 + b^2 = 41^2$
 $81 + b^2 = 1681$
 $b^2 = 1600$
 $b = 40$

$\sin \theta = \frac{9}{41}$	$\csc \theta = \frac{41}{9}$
$\cos \theta = \frac{40}{41}$	$\sec \theta = \frac{41}{40}$
$\tan \theta = \frac{9}{40}$	$\cot \theta = \frac{40}{9}$

11.  $1^2 + b^2 = 3^2$
 $b^2 = 8$
 $b = 2\sqrt{2}$

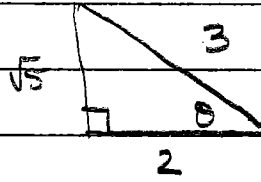
 $2^2 + b^2 = 6^2$
 $b^2 = 32$
 $b = 4\sqrt{2}$

$\sin \theta = \frac{1}{3}$
 $\cos \theta = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}$
 $\tan \theta = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2 \cdot \sqrt{2}}$
 $= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}$

$\sin \theta = \frac{1}{3}$
 $\cos \theta = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}$
 $\tan \theta = \frac{2}{4\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$
 $= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}$

The larger triangle is a scalar multiple of the smaller triangle, so the angles are the same.

15. $\sec \theta = \frac{3}{2}$ $\sec \theta = \frac{\text{hyp}}{\text{adj}}$



$\sin \theta = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{3}$

$\csc \theta = \frac{3\sqrt{5}}{5}$

$2^2 + b^2 = 3^2$

$\cos \theta = \frac{2}{3}$

$\sec \theta = \frac{3}{2}$

$4 + b^2 = 9$

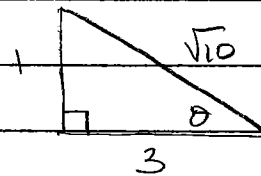
$\tan \theta = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$

$\cot \theta = \frac{2\sqrt{5}}{5}$

$b^2 = 5$

$b = \sqrt{5}$

19. $\cot \theta = 3$ $\cot \theta = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}}$



$3^2 + 1^2 = c^2$

$10 = c^2$

$\sqrt{10} = c$

$\sin \theta = \frac{\sqrt{10}}{10}$

$\tan \theta = \frac{1}{3}$

$\sec \theta = \frac{\sqrt{10}}{3}$

$\cos \theta = \frac{3\sqrt{10}}{10}$

$\csc \theta = \sqrt{10}$

Function	θ (deg)	θ (rad)	Function value
----------	----------------	----------------	----------------

23. sec

45°

$\frac{\pi}{4}$

$\frac{1}{\cos 45} = 1.414$

27. csc

30°

$\frac{\pi}{6}$

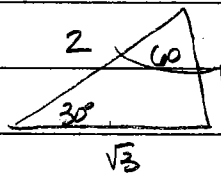
$\frac{1}{\sin 30} = 2$

31. $\sin 60^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ $\cos 60^\circ = \frac{1}{2}$

$\sin 30^\circ = \frac{1}{2}$ $\cos 30^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

$\tan 60^\circ = \sqrt{3}$ $\cot 60^\circ = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$



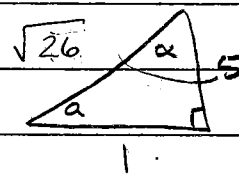
35. $\cot \alpha = 5$

$\tan \alpha = \frac{1}{5}$

$\csc \alpha = \sqrt{26}$

$\cot(90-\alpha) = \frac{1}{5}$

$\cos \alpha = \frac{5\sqrt{26}}{26}$



6.2 HW (cont'd)

37. $\tan \theta \cdot \frac{1}{\tan \theta} = 1$
 $\frac{\tan \theta}{\tan \theta} = 1$
 $1 = 1$

(39) $\tan \alpha \cdot \cos \alpha = \sin \alpha$
 $\frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} \cdot \cos \alpha = \sin \alpha$
 $\sin \alpha = \sin \alpha$

41. $(1 + \sin \theta)(1 - \sin \theta) = \cos^2 \theta$
 $1 - \sin^2 \theta = \cos^2 \theta$
 $\cos^2 \theta = \cos^2 \theta$

(43) $(\sec \theta + \tan \theta)(\sec \theta - \tan \theta) = 1$
 $\sec^2 \theta - \tan^2 \theta = 1$
 $1 = 1$

45. $\frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} \cdot \frac{\sin \theta}{\sin \theta} + \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta} \cdot \frac{\cos \theta}{\cos \theta} = \csc \theta \sec \theta$
 $\frac{\sin^2 \theta}{\cos \theta \sin \theta} + \frac{\cos^2 \theta}{\sin \theta \cos \theta} = \csc \theta \sec \theta$
 $\frac{1}{\cos \theta \sin \theta} = \csc \theta \sec \theta$
 $\csc \theta \sec \theta = \csc \theta \sec \theta$

Degree Mode

47. $\tan 23.5^\circ = .435$

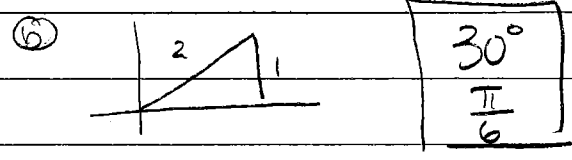
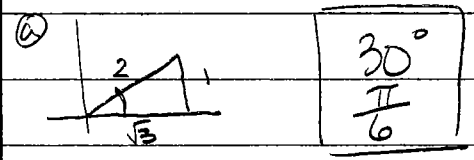
$\cot 66.5^\circ = \frac{1}{\tan 66.5^\circ} = .435$

Radian Mode

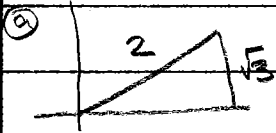
51. a) $\cot \frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{1}{\tan \frac{\pi}{6}}$
 $= 5.027$

b) $\tan \frac{\pi}{6} = .199$

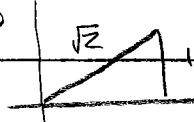
55



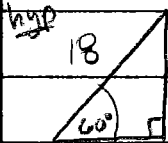
59.

 60° $\frac{\pi}{3}$

⑥

 45° $\frac{\pi}{4}$

61.



$$18 \cdot \sin 60 = \frac{y}{18} \cdot 18$$

$$18 \sin 60 = y$$

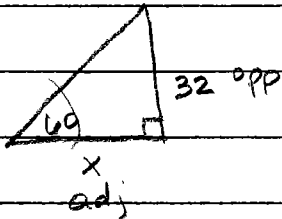
$$\boxed{15.588 = y}$$

①

30-60-90

 $1 \sqrt{3} 2$ $x \ y \ 18$ $2y = 18\sqrt{3}$ $y = 9\sqrt{3}$

63.



$$\tan 60 = \frac{32}{x}$$

$$x \tan 60 = 32$$

$$\tan 60 \tan 60$$

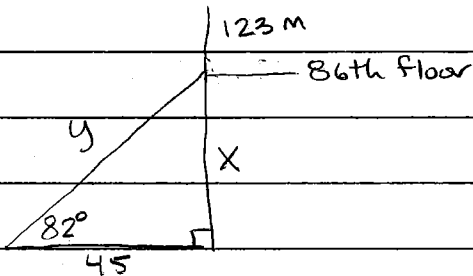
$$\boxed{x = 18.475}$$

$$\frac{x}{1} = \frac{32}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$x\sqrt{3} = 32$$

$$\boxed{x = \frac{32\sqrt{3}}{3}}$$

65.



$$\tan 82 = \frac{x}{45}$$

$$45 \tan 82 = x$$

$$320.192 = x$$

$$320.192 + 123 = \boxed{443.192 \text{ m}}$$

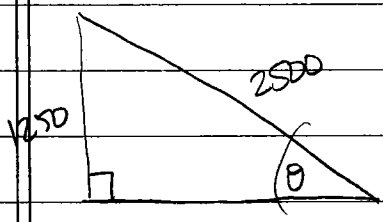
$$45^2 + 320.192^2 = y^2$$

$$104547.9169 = y^2$$

$$\boxed{323.339 \text{ m} = y}$$

6.2 h/w cont'd

67.

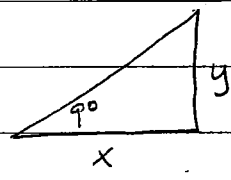
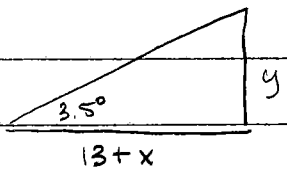
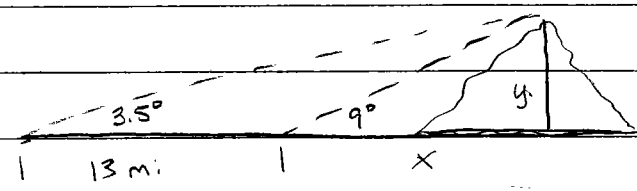


$$\sin \theta = \frac{1250}{2500}$$

$$\theta = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$= \boxed{30^\circ}$$

70.



$$\tan 3.5 = \frac{y}{13+x}$$

$$\tan 9^\circ = \frac{y}{x}$$

$$\boxed{x \tan 9} = y$$

$$(13+x) \tan 3.5 = \frac{x \tan 9^\circ}{\cancel{13+x}} \cdot (13+x)$$

$$\tan 3.5 (13+x) = x \tan 9^\circ$$

$$13 \tan 3.5 + x \tan 3.5 = x \tan 9^\circ$$

$$13 \tan 3.5 = x \tan 9^\circ - x \tan 3.5$$

$$13 \tan 3.5 = x (\tan 9^\circ - \tan 3.5)$$

$$\tan 9^\circ - \tan 3.5 \quad \tan 9^\circ - \tan 3.5$$

$$x = 8.178$$

$$y = x \tan 9^\circ$$

$$y = 8.178 (\tan 9^\circ)$$

$$= \boxed{1.295 \text{ miles}}$$

